

# Care farming – using farming, food production and the farmed landscape to benefit young people with a defined need

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Funded by



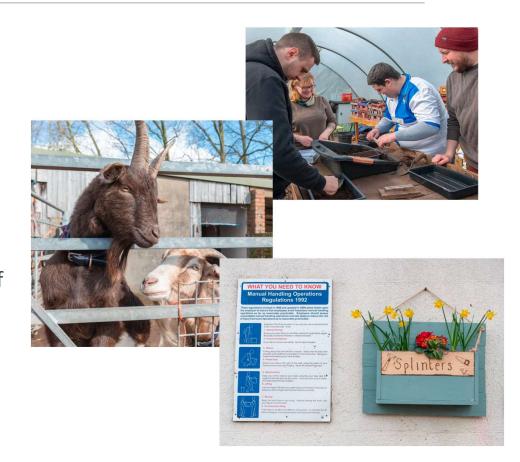




# Overview



- What is care farming for young people and where does it fit?
- How SF&G and Growing care Farming are supporting care farming for young people
- Working in partnership Collaboration with Leaf Ed –
   School Visits plus
- Why is care farming especially relevant now in light of recovery post Covid?
- Potential for care farming to be part of the solution



# Care farms vary, but they all....



- Deliver health, social or specialist educational care services for individuals from one or a range of vulnerable groups of people.
- Provide a programme of farming-related activities for individuals with a defined need
- Provide supervised, structured, bespoke care services on a regular basis for service users
- Are commissioned to provide services by a range of referral agencies
- Deliver services for adults, young people and children





# Different types of nature-based interventions Social Farms & Gardens





Health & social care interventions for individuals with a defined need

**Public** 

health,

community

initiatives

Targeted/ some Specialist (Nature-based therapy & care interventions)

**Green Care** 

Therapeutic interventions Special populations

Nature-based health promotion

Health promotion - Particular populations

Public health messaging

Universal

Universal/

**Targeted** 

Nature in everyday life

Primary prevention - General population

**Green Care** 

Care Farming; Horticultural Therapy & STH;

Animal Assisted Therapy; Nature therapy;

> Nature-based health promotion

Community farming; Community food growing; Community gardening; Walking groups Facilitated green exercise

**Everyday nature** 

Gardening; Horticulture; Green exercise; Animal based recreation; etc

Source: Adapted from Bragg and Leck, 2017; and Thrive, 2017

Growing Care Farming: Transforming the scale of the care farming sector



## Where does care farming fit?



Care farming delivering services
e.g. Healthcare
programmes social care,
special education
provision

Visits to farms – e.g. School visits (groups); Open Farm Sunday etc. learning about food & farming

General access – e.g. footpaths, farm shops etc. Some messaging about food & farming

#### **Green Care**

(Nature-based therapy & care interventions)

Therapeutic interventions
- Special populations

Nature-based health promotion

Health promotion - Particular populations

Nature in everyday life

Primary prevention - General population

Source: Adapted from Bragg and Leck, 2017; and Thrive, 2017

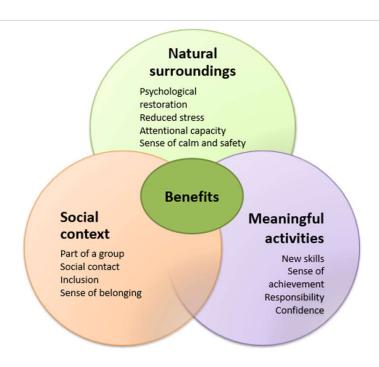
## Multiple outcomes from care farming



- Simultaneously produces positive life outcomes = wider than clinical outcomes
- Integrates health and social care
- Is therefore cost-effective
- Also enjoyable people go back
- Ticks many of the boxes for:
  - Health (particularly for mental health and for social prescribing);
  - Social care policy, and
  - Education (both SEND and Alternative Provision)

Benefits of care farming and green care come from the interaction of three key elements

Source: Bragg and Atkins, 2016



Growing Care Farming: Transforming the scale of the care farming sector



## Scale of care farming: Annual survey 2021

402 care farms and sites currently delivering care farming (and green care services) in the UK, with 90 in the Republic of Ireland

- 344 in England
- 17 in Wales
- 15 in Scotland
- 26 in Northern Ireland

In addition, 220 'prospective' care farms

- Wales 15
- Scotland -10
- Northern Ireland 34



Data from SF&G CRM database, NI figures with help from Rural Support and Ireland figures from Social Farming Ireland

# Care farming transforms lives......



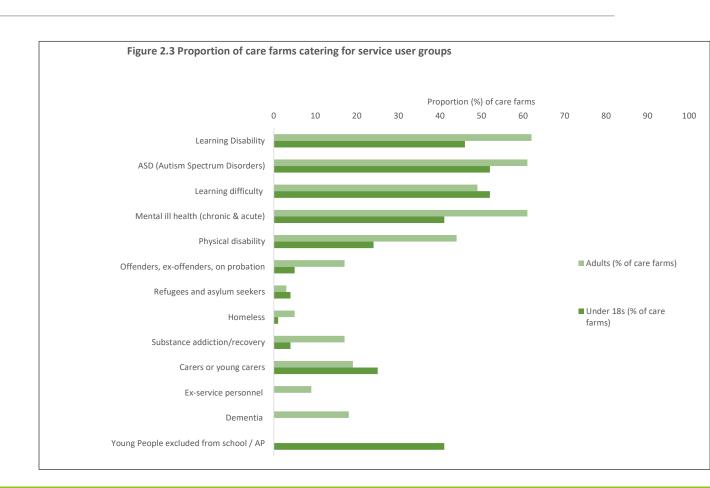
#### Adults:

•	Learning Disability	(62%)
•	ASD	(61%)
•	Mental ill-health	(61%)
•	Learning difficulties	(49%)

#### For under 18s:

0	learning difficulty and ASD	(52%),
0	Learning Disability	(46%)
0	young people excluded from	
	school or on AP	(41%)
0	mental ill-health	(41%)

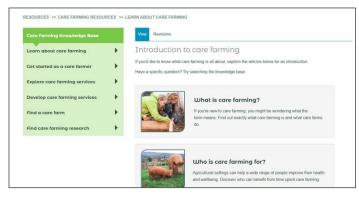
- Number of service user groups worked with varies (average is 5)
- Care farms provide services for individuals with a defined need or diagnosis.
- Session lengths vary depending on abilities and needs of service users
- Referrals come from a variety of sources





### Growing Care Farming – Transforming scale

- Social Farms & Gardens and Thrive are delivering Growing Care Farming
- Part of the Government's Children and Nature Programme (funded by the Department of Education, supported by Defra and managed by Natural England)
- Aim to expand and transform care farming services across England
- A programme of four key elements:
  - Advocacy, support and resources
  - Training
  - National and regional networking
  - Quality Assurance (via the care farming Code of Practice)
- •For more information go to our webpages here:
  <a href="https://www.farmgarden.org.uk/gcf">https://www.farmgarden.org.uk/gcf</a>
  <a href="https://www.farmgarden.org.uk/knowledge-base/homepage">https://www.farmgarden.org.uk/knowledge-base/homepage</a>





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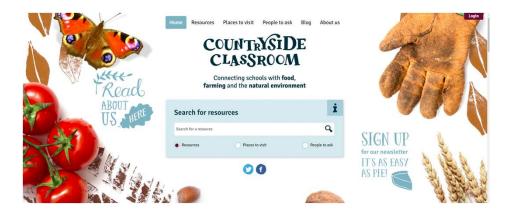
or some useful new resources that we have developed to explain more about care farming please see links belo

#### Supporting education on farms and care farming – SF&G

Alongside Leaf and other organisations –SF&G is part of Access to Farms

SF&G lead on the CEVAS Therapeutic route training

SF&G also part of Countryside Classroom GCF takes this further.....







## Countryside Classroom





Resources People to ask Home Places to visit About us



#### Find out more about care farms



**Densholme Care Farm** 

Densholme Farm is a working organic farm with a difference...

View case study

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**Future Roots Care Farm** 

Future Roots is a care farm based at Rylands Farm, West Dorset.

View case study



**Longlands Care Farm** 

Longlands provides alternative provision for young people aged 13-18.

View case study



Lambourne End

Lambourne End Centre for Outdoor Learning specialises in re-engaging young people with learning.

View case study











#### School visits plus

- Collaboration between SF&G Growing Care Farming and Leaf Education
- Supporting farmers who deliver farm visits to grow their offering to include care farming services for young people with a defined need -From 'Farm Visits' to 'Farm Visits Plus'
- Online training from GCF
- Care farm visit to see care farming in action
- CEVAS Therapeutic route training at a care farm
- Support from Leaf RECs and GCF to develop activities
- Farmers deliver first sessions for young people with a defined need (with REC support)
- Leaf Ed develops additional online training
- Video diaries
- Farmers complete the SF&G Care farming Code of Practice
- Follow on care farming training from GCF as required



**Future** 



ACCESS TO FARMS

A partnership promoting quality educational visits to farms and care farming

Week 1 Cevas Therapeutic Route





# Relevance of care farming to agriculture



Care farming involves more people in farming; wider community involvement in farms

Increased understanding of food and farming

Reduced isolation (for farmers as well as service users)

Additional income stream - increased viability of farms (particularly family run farms, post Brexit)

Another example of multifunctional agriculture

Continuing support from Defra via ELMS

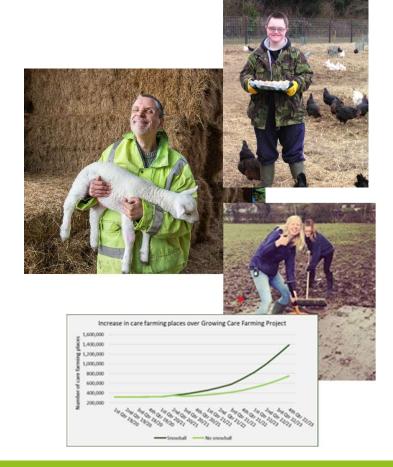
 Care farming needs to be included in ELMs and Agricultural policy – Many care farm places currently funded via Higher Level Stewardship payments

Shows how agriculture is beneficial for wider society

#### Potential for care farming......



- Care farms are currently delivering 675,296 places per year in England alone and 734,140 in the UK (based on 2021 survey).
- There is therefore a significant amount of latent potential for care farming to expand
- Not all care farms are on agricultural units many are on urban sites
- Potential for new care farms UK has 149,000 farm businesses currently less than 0.5% are care farms
  - But an increase to 1% of farms could provide over 2.5 million care farming places annually .....
- But we need support, consistent referral pathways and cross departmental policy and practice



## Relevance of care farming post Covid

Social Farm: & Garden



Early lockdown studies found that

> up to 37% showed signs of psychological

felt adverse effects on

Why nature should be high on the government's recovery to do list

- Nature-based options are particularly relevant
- Local services for local people
- Cost effective with good adherence levels
- Many have continued delivery during Covid restrictions
- Increase in demand for mental health services as a result of Covid – including in children and young people
- Seeing an increase in demand for care farming places
- Care farming can play a major part in the nation's mental health recovery post Covid

■ The COVID-19 pandemic has intensified known risk factors for child mental health disorders and disrupted support structures.

ellbeing should be drivers of government policy and the na



#### Children show increase in mental health difficulties over COVID-19 lockdown



New research shows huge public support for putting nature at the heart of Coronavirus recovery plans

Could you get PTSD from your pandemic experience? The long-term mental health effects of coronavirus

arming: Transforming the scale of the care farming sector

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