

な业微生物学国家重点实验室

State Key Laboratory of Agricultural Microbiology

BIOLOGICAL CONTROL OF Sclerotinia sclerotiorum AND Leptosphaeria biglobosa WITH Bacillus velezensis CanL-30

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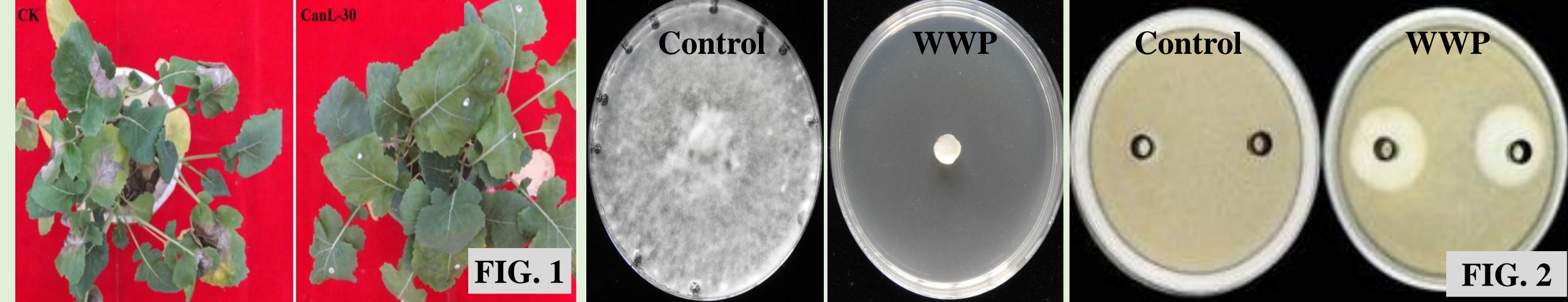
*INTRODUCTION: Strain CanL-30 of *Bacillus velezensis* was isolated from a healthy plant of *Brassica napus*. It is a strong antagonit of S. sclerotiorum (Ss) and L. biglobiosa (Lb), and also showed a grwth-promotion activity on Arabidopsis thaliana and B. napus. This study was done to determine the efficacy of CanL-30 in suppression of Sclerotinia stem rot (SSR) and Phoma stem canker (PSC) of B. napus.

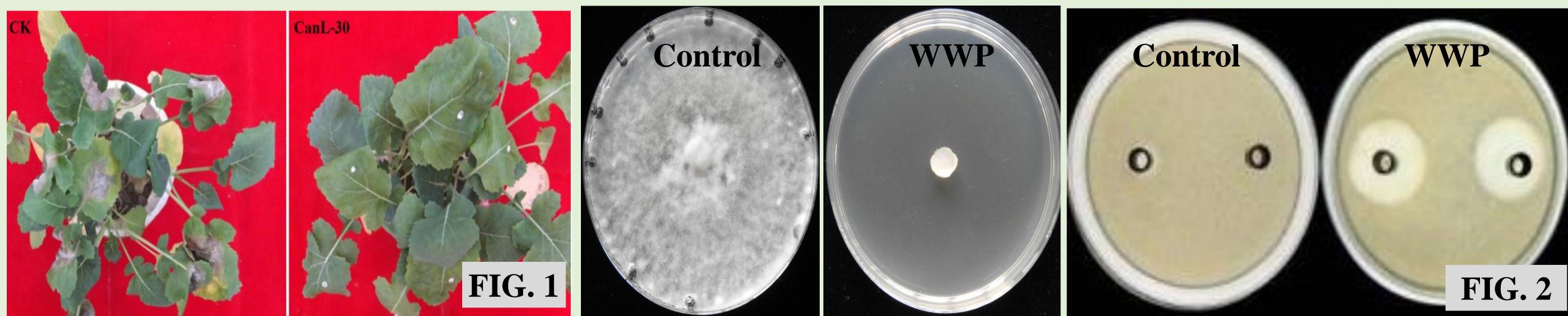
***MATERIALS & METHODS**

- **D** PDB cultures of CanL-30: 28°C, 150 rpm, 72h, determined for suppression of Ss in potting experiment.
- **I** Formulation of CanL-30: Incubated in 1- and 10-ton tanks (30°C, 36h), spray-dried, amended the bacterial powder with diatomite, fomulated as water wettable powder (WWP) (1.5 \times 10¹¹ cfu/g).
- **D** Bioassays: WWP suspended in water, centrifuged, the supernatant amended in PDA, PDA alone as control, inoculated with Ss, incubated at 20°C, meaured colony diameter at 3 dpi and counted sclerotia at 30 dpi. tHE supernant or water added to Oxford cups on *Lb*-amended PDA, incubated at 20°C for 72h, measured clear zones.
- **D** Potting expriment: Sprayed PDB cultures of CanL-30 and water (control) on 45-day-old plants of *B. napus*, incubated with mycelia of Ss, maintained at 20°C for 72 h, measured leaf lesion diameter.
- □ Field plot experiment: Conducted in 2018-2019 and 2020-2021, in Tianmen and Chibi of China, 3 treatments (3) replicates each), completely randon block design, (i) CanL-30 powder (80 g WWP/667 m²), (ii) prochloraz (562 µg a.i./mL), (iii) water (Control). Hand spray at bolting and flowering stages, suveyed SSR and PSC at harvest.

***RESULTS**

CanL-30 effectively suppressed *Ss* infection on leaves of oilseed rape (FIG. 1)





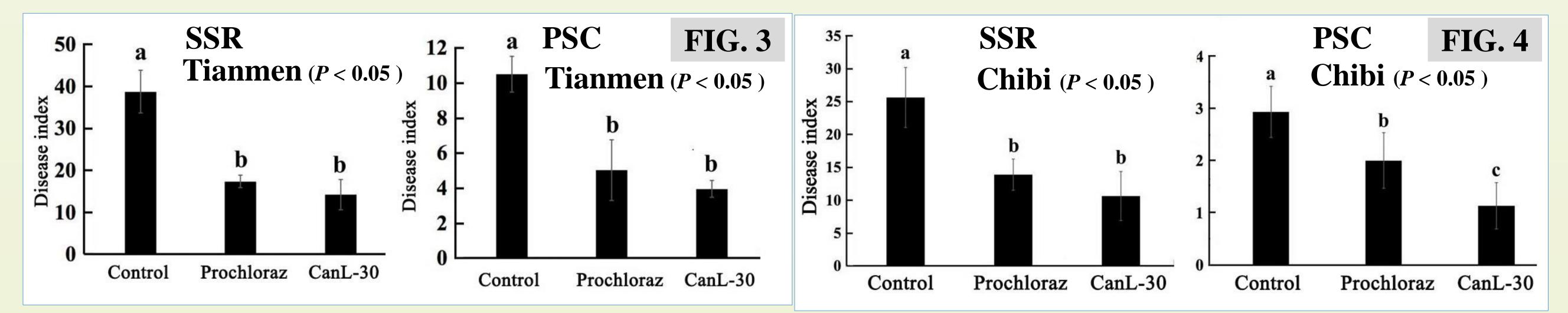








CanL-30 WWP suppressed growth/sclerotial formation by Ss, and inhibited conidial germination by *Lb* (FIG.2) **CanL-30 WWP effectively suppressed SSR and PSC (Data in 2018-2019 in FIG. 3 and FIG. 4). Data in 2020-2021** was not shown here. Compared to control, the CanL-30 WWP reducd SSR and PSC by 37% and 44%, respectively.



CONCLUSIONS: *Bacillus velezensis* CanL-30 is a promising biocontrol agent of *Ss* and *Lb*.

